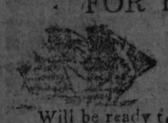
# Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2107.] PHILADELPHIA: FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 21, 1799. [VOLUME XV.

*The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*



FOR HAMBURGH,



*The Danish Brig*
AURORA,
*Capt. Schlichting.*

Will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days great part thereof being engaged—She will take some freight and sail in a short time, apply to
*Thomas & John Ketland.*
june 15 d10t

FOR ST. CROIX,

THE SCHOONER
HARRIOT,
*Isaac DaCosta, master,*
Now lying at Wilmington, Delaware; to sail on the 20th this month. For Passage apply to Capt. Da Costa at Wilmington.
june 17 ¶ 3t

FOR ST. CROIX,

*The Brigantine,*
ARIEL,
John Criffis, master. For freight or passage, apply to
*John Nixon & Co.*
june 17 3aw2w

FOR SALE,

*The fast sailing SHIP*
*SWIFT PACKET.*
She is well calculated as a Packet between this and the southern states, having handsome and extensive accommodations for passengers. She is well suited for the freights or West India trade, and can be sent to sea at a trifling expence. The inventory may be seen and the terms of sale made known by applying to
N. & J. FRAZIER,
*No. 95 South Front st.*
may 30. d1w3awtf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,
*And Commission Store,*
No. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters. —From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*
november 19 22w

FOR SALE,
A Handsome New House,
*Within 5 miles of the city.*
TWO stories high, together with a grass lot, it is in a very good situation for business—the terms will be made very convenient to the purchaser—Enquire of the printer.
may 28 §

REMOVAL.
ROBERT COE & SON,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
*Brush Manufactory and Ironmongery Store,*
to No. 175, Market Street, nearly opposite the Conneſtogoe Waggon, where they have for sale as usual, home manufactured and imported Brushes of almost every description, together with a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Sadlery, and Brass wares, to which they expect by the spring vessels, an ample addition.
4th mo. 10. eodtf

ST. CROIX SUGARS.
A Cargo of first quality St. Croix Sugar and Rum will be landed to morrow at Walnut-street Wharf, from on board the Brig Fair Hebe.
JAMES YARD.
june 12. d7t

*TO BE SOLD,*
ST. CROIX SUGARS & RUM,
OF FIRST QUALITY,
*By*
*JOHN NIXON & CO.*
june 13 3aw3w

TO
Journeymen Shoemakers.
TWO HUNDRED will receive immediate employment by applying to
WILLIAM M'LAWS, Sadler,
No. 72, Chesnut street.
June 12 §

*A beautiful Country Seat, for Sale*
SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware joining lands of Matthias Sipler and Mr. John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Bristol.

The buildings consist of a new two story Frame House and Kitchen adjoining—3 rooms on a floor, a Piazza the whole front of the House, a Pump of excellent water, also a good garden and orchard—10 acres of land will be sold with the premises, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly shore at the river, the water stages for Burlington pass every day in the summer season, and the land stages for New-York within half a mile; any person inclining to purchase may know the terms of sale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-street, or No. 161, South Second-street.
june 1.

WILLIAM BONNAR
INFORMS the public that business of importance calling him to Europe, he is obliged to decline his trade in Market street.

ALL PERSONS indebted to him, and those to whom he is indebted, will please to apply to Mr. *George Dobson*, no. 92, Market street, for the settlement of their respective accounts, who is duly empowered for that purpose.
June 3

*ROSS & SIMSON,*
HAVE FOR SALE,
300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal { COSSAS / HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St Martins Salt.
april 11 §
Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers,
Hyson, / Hyson Skin, / Young Hyson, & / Souchong, } TEAS.
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.
*They have also remaining on Hand*
Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.
*Thomas & Joshua Fisher.*
4th mo 26 §

The subscribers have on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, the following articles, viz.
Seventy Pipes London Particular Madeira Wine,
the vintage of '96, since when they have lain in a store well adapted to their improvement;
25 Chests of Young Hyson Tea;
An Invoice of well-assorted China—original cost between 8 and 900 dolls. in Canton.
HIGBEE & MILNOR.
march 21.

*Freight to be had.*
THE Subscribers have 3000 bushels of SALT to ship to the Havanna or New-Orleans—Any person who will take it at a moderate freight will please apply at No. 95, North Water-street, to
*PRATT & KINTZING.*

Who have for Sale, 70 tons Hemp, 14 pipes choice Old Port Wine, Claret, Roll Brimstone, Havanna Segars, Demyjohns, Window Glass, Glue, Ticklenburghs and Oznabrigs, Checks, Stripes, &c. &c.
may 20 m & f 3w

*TO BE SOLD,*
An Invoice of Woollens,
CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres ——Apply to
*Owen & Jonathan Jones,*
No. 151 Market-street.
april 29 §

TO BE LET
FOR FIVE MONTHS OR LONGER,
A GENTEEL convenient three story BRICK HOUSE situate in Eighth between Market and Arch streets; has lately been papered and painted. Enquire at No. 110, south Second street.
N. B. A convenient Cellar to let.
june 8 §

MAIL COACHEES
*Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,*
LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

*Returning.*
Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

*Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.*
Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

*Returning.*
Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

*Seats in the Mail Coachees to be taken in New-York,*
At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street.

*In Philadelphia.*
At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, south Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

*In Baltimore.*
At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,
*Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.*
WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.
*Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New York.*
General Post-Office, May 1. §

*For Sale,*
TWO three story Brick Houses, situated on the corner of King and Columbus streets, being equal to any situation in Alexandria, for the wholesale or retail business. The houses are 40 feet by 28, the stories are lofty, and the brick work done in the most elegant manner with stock ronts. One of the houses can be immediately occupied, being completely finished, the other will be finished by the first of October next. The back buildings to the above premises are also of brick, 16 feet square, with a number of other conveniences for the accommodation of a genteel family.

Each of the above houses will be sold subject to a ground rent of 40 dollars, with the priviledge of buying out at twelve and half year's purchase any time within four years from this date. Dry goods and groceries will be taken in part payment.

For terms apply to Mr. John Barnes, No. 16 South Third street, or John Foster or Nicholas Voss in Alexandria.
june 12. ¶eod4w.

*Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,*
Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolution of the president and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock holders are hereby notified and required to pay, on each of their respective shares, to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city,
15 dollars on the 15th June next,
20 dollars on the 15th July next, and
20 dollars on the 15th August next.
Wm. GOVETT, Treasurer.
May 13. m&tu4w(d&r.12to15A)

Old French Brandy in large and small cases
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glass
20 chest pint & half-pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,
FOR SALE BY
*Gurney & Smith.*
may 1, 1799 §

NEILL & SMITH,
No. 159 MARKET STREET,
*Have Received by the Ship Stockport from Liverpool*
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
Suitable to the present season, which they will dispose of on moderate terms for Cash or the Customary Credit.
June 13 d2w

*FOR SALE,*
At No. 246, High-street,
A Handsome Coach,
*Coachee, Phaeton, & Pair of Horses,*
Either separately or together.
Also—a handsome Narragansett Mare and Grey Horse, very easy gaited.
may 24 §

*Just Received,*
By the late arrivals from London and Hamburg, and for sale by the Subscribers,
89 tons best St. Petersburgh Hemp
599 pieces English Sailcloth
2 trunks, containing
Sattins
Ribbons
Silk Handkerchiefs
Persian and Gauze
3 cases fashionable Ladies' Hats, &c.
10 casks Brittles
8 bales Ticklenburgs, and
A few packages of
Dowlas
Creas a la Morlaix
Checks and Stripes
Bretagnes
25 Hhds Bourdeaux Brandy
10 pipes Spanish do
40 Hhds Bourdeaux Claret.
*Erick & Lewis Bollmann.*
No. 100 Spruce-street.
april 27. dtf

TO BE LET,
*A large and commodious three story*
HOUSE,
Situated at the corner of Second and Union streets.
There are 4 rooms on a floor, and back buildings three story high, with excellent cellars under the whole—Also a large Yard with
Stables and Coach House.
Apply to ARCHIBALD M'CALL,
No. 187 south Second street.
june 8 eotf

A WATCH STOLEN.
WAS stolen from the subscriber's house last evening, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock, a SILVER WATCH, No. 5720, makers name William Lenham, London—Whoever will return the above watch shall receive three dollars reward.

All watch-makers and others, are requested not to purchase said watch, but to stop any person who may offer it for sale, and give information therof to
JAMES PORTER,
No 26, Carter's Alley
jnne 14 3t

UNSEATED LANDS.
THE owners of Unseated lands in FAYETTE COUNTY (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the texes due on said lands for the years 796, 1797 and 1798, are paid into the hands of General Ephraim Douglass, County Treasurer, on or before Thursday the 19th day of September next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs
*Caleb Mounts, / James Allen. / John Fulton,* } County Commis'rs
Union Town, June 5, '99. (14) d3m

To Bricklayers and Masons.
Proposals will be received for executing the rough stone work, and laying the Bricks of an Engine house in Center Square according to plans to be delivered to the Contractor, and under the direction of the Engineer of the city. The Brickwork will consist of plain straight wall plain and groined arches and backing to stone work. The drawings may be viewed by application at the office of the City, in Center Square where every information on the subject will be given and seperate prices may be offered for each particular species of Brick work—All materials, scaffolding, Centering rope, planks and boards will be found by the City—The Contractor is to provide all labourers and workmen, hods and working tools, and to erect and take down the scaffolding——Proposals to be delivered to B. H. Latrobe, at his office in Center Square, before the 20th of the present month.
June 11 dt20.

*FOR SALE,*
That beautiful and healthy Farm called
SUNBURY,
ON Neshaminy creek, one mile from the bridge and three miles from Bristol. It contains 232 acres, 73 of which are good woodland, a proportion of meadow on which was cut 50 tons good hay last year; there is every conveniency on this farm for a gentleman or a farmer; the orchard contains all sorts of grafted fruit of the best kind; it is so well known that further description is thought unnecessary—If it is not sold at private sale before the 20th instant, it will, on that day, be sold at the Coffee House. For terms apply to NICKLIN & GRIFFITH,
Attornies in fact for
*WALTER SIMS.*
june 4. dt20th inst.


PROPOSALS,
*For carrying the Mails of the*
UNITED STATES,
*On the following POST-ROADS,*

WILL be received at the General Post Office in Philadelphia, until the 12th day of August next, inclusive.

IN MAINE.

1. Scoodic by Machias, Chandler's river, Columbia and Narraguagus to Goldsboro', once a week, estimated eighty eight miles.

*From April 15th to October 15th*—Leave Scoodic every Saturday at 1 P. M. and arrive at Goldsboro' the next Tuesday by 6 P. M. *Returning*, Leave Goldsboro' every Wednesday at 5 A. M. and arrive at Scoodic on Saturday by 10 A. M.

*From October 15, to April 15*—Leave Scoodic every Sunday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Goldsboro' on Wednesday by 6 P. M. *Returning*—Leave Goldsboro' every Thursday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Scoodic on Sunday at 10 A. M.

2. From Goldsboro' by Sullivan, Trenton, Blue Hill, Castine, Buckston, Prospect and Belfast to Ducktrap, once a week; estimated eighty five miles.

From *April 15, to October 15*—Leave Goldsboro' every Wednesday, at 5 A. M. and arrive at Ducktrap on Saturday by 10 A. M. *Returning*—Leave Ducktrap every Saturday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Goldsboro' the next Tuesday by 6 P. M.

From *October 16 to April 15*—Leave Goldsboro' every Thursday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Ducktrap on Sunday by 10 A. M. *Returning*, Leave Ducktrap every Sunday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Goldsboro' on Wednesday by 6 P. M.

3. From Machias to Passamaquoddy, once in two weeks.

Leave Machias every other Friday noon and arrive at Passamaquoddy on Saturday at 10 A. M. *Returning*—Leave Passamaquoddy every other Saturday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Machias on Sunday noon.

From October 15 to April 15—Leave Machias every other Saturday noon and arrive at Passamaquoddy on Sunday at 1 A. M. Returning—Leave Passamaquoddy every other Sunday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Machias on Monday at 2 P. M.

4. From Augusta by Readfield and Chester to Farmington, once in two weeks.

Leave Augusta every other Wednesday at 8 A. M. and arrive at Farmington on Thursday at 10 A. M. *Returning*—Leave Farmington every other Monday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Hallowell on Tuesday by 6 P. M.

IN VERMONT.

5. From Windsor, by Royalton, Randolph, Williamston and Montpelier to Burlington, once in two weeks.

Leave Windsor every other Thursday by 6 A. M. and arrive at Burlington on Saturday by 4 P. M. *Returning*—Leave Burlington every other Monday by 6 A. M. and arrive at Windsor on Wednesday by 4 P. M.

IN NEW-YORK.

6. From Fishkill to Newbury, once a week. Leave Fishkill every Friday at 4½ o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Newbury by 6, P. M. *Returning*—Leave Newbury every Friday at 2, P. M. and arrive at Fishkill at 4, P. M.

7. From Canandaigua by Hartford to Niagara once in two weeks.

Leave Canandaigua every other Monday, at 8 A. M. and arrive at Niagara the next Thursday by 9 A. M. *Returning*—Leave Niagara every other Thursday at 3 P. M. and arrive at Canandaigua on Sunday by 6 P. M.

IN PENNSYLVANIA.

8. From Lewisburg by Mifflinburgh, Aaronsburg, Milesburg, Bellefort and Centre Furnace to Alexandria once a week.

Leave Lewisburg every Tuesday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Alexandria on Friday by 3 P. M. *Returning*—Leave Alexandria every Saturday at 8 A. M. and arrive at Lewisburg the next Tuesday by 10 A. M.

9. From Harrisburg by Clark's ferry, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Mifflintown, Lewistown, Culbertson's mills and Huntingdon to Alexandria, once a week.

*May 15 to October 15*—Leave Harrisburg every Sunday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Alexandria the next Tuesday by 7 P. M. *Returning*—Leave Alexandria every Thursday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Harrisburg on Saturday at 4 P. M.

From *October 15 to May 15*—Leave Harrisburg every Monday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Alexandria on Wednesday by 7 P. M. *Returning*—Leave Alexandria every Friday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Harrisburg on Sunday by 4 P. M.

IN VIRGINIA.

10. From Morgantown by Petty John to Clarksburgh, once in two weeks. Leave Morgantown every other Monday at 5 A. M. and arrive at Clarksburg by 5 P. M. *Returning*. Leave Clarksburg every other Tuesday by 8 A. M. and arrive at Morgantown by 7 P. M.

11. From Petersburg by Sussex c. h. and Southampton c. h. to South Quay, once every month.

Leave Petersburg the first Tuesday in each month by noon, and arrive at South Quay on Wednesday by 7 P. M. *Returning*. Leave South Quay the first Thursday in each month by 8 A. M. and arrive at Petersburg on Friday by 1 P. M.

IN VIRGINIA AND NORTH-CAROLINA.

12. From Norfolk by Kempsville, Great Bridge, New Lebanon and Jonesboro' to Elizabeth city, once in two weeks.

Leave Norfolk every other Wednesday by 2 P. M. and arrive at Elizabeth city on Friday by 10 A. M. *Returning*. Leave Elizabeth city every other Monday at noon and arrive at Norfolk on Wednesday by 10 A. M.

13. From Suffolk by South Quay to Murfreesboro' once in two weeks.

Leave Suffolk every other Tuesday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Murfreesboro' by 2 P. M. *Returning*. Leave Murfreesboro' every Wednesday at 9 A. M. and arrive at Suffolk by 6 P. M.

14. From Wythe court house, by Austinville, Grayson court house, Flower Gap and Bethania to Salem once in two weeks.

Leave Wythe court house every other Tuesday by 6 A. M. and arrive at Salem the next Thursday by 6 P. M. *Returning*. Leave Salem every other Saturday by 6 A. M. and arrive at Wythe c. h. the next Monday by 6 P. M.

IN KENTUCKEY AND TENNESSEE.

15. From Moffats in Tennessee by Col Orrs, Powell's Valley, Cumberland Gap and Stamford to Danville, once a week.

Leave Moffats every Friday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Danville the next Monday by 7 P. M. *Returning*. Leave Danville every Tuesday by 5 A. M. and arrive at Moffats the next Friday by 10 A. M.

16. From Knoxville by South West Point, and Craig fort to Nashville once in two weeks.

Leave Knoxville every other Monday at 5 A. M. and arrive at Nashville the next Saturday by 7 P. M. *Returning*. Leave Nashville every other Monday at 5 A. M. and arrive at Knoxville the next Saturday by 7 P. M.

Note 1. The Post Master General may alter the times of arrival and departure at any time during the continuance of the contracts, he previously stipulating an adequate compensation for any extra expense that may be occasioned thereby.

Note 2. Half an hour shall be allowed for opening and closing the Mail at all Offices where no particular time is specified.

Note 3. For every hour's delay (unavoidable accidents excepted) in arriving after the times prescribed in any contract, the contractor shall forfeit one dollar, and if the delay continue until the departure of any depending Mail, whereby the Mails destined for such depending Mail, lose a trip, an additional forfeiture of five dollars shall be incurred.

Note 4. Newspapers as well as Letters are to be sent in the Mails; and if any person making proposals, desires to carry Newspapers other than those conveyed in the mail, for his own emolument, he must state in his proposals for what sum he will carry it with that emolument and for what sum without that emolument.

Note 5. Should any person making proposals desire an alteration of the times of arrival and departure above specified, he must state in his proposals the alterations desired, and the difference they will make in the terms of his contract.

Note 6. Persons making proposals are desired to state their prices by the year. Those who contract will receive their pay quarterly, in the months of January, April, July, and October.

Note 7. The contracts for the routes Numbered 1 to 9, are to be in operation on the 1st day of October next, and are to continue in force until the 1st Oct. 1801. Contracts for the routes Numbered 10 to 16 are also to be in operation on the 1st day of October next and are to continue in force until the 1st of April 1802.

JOSEPH HABERSHAM.
*Postmaster General.*
*General Post Office,* *Phila. June 10. 1799.* [14] d1w.af.to13 1

*Notice is hereby given,*
THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following Certificates of six per cent. and Deferred funded Stock, standing in the following names, the property of JOHN CLARKE, Esq. of Yorkshire, in England; the said Certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

| *Dols.* | *Cts.* | *No.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5000 | | 12731 | dated March 7th, 1795, Register Certificate in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co. London. |
| 3621 | 66 | 15070 | do. March 17th, 1797, do. in in favor Braunsberg Kluppel Faesch & Co of Amsterdam |
| 413 | 21 | 14823 | do. Dec. 3d, 1796, do. in favor of F. L. Braunsberg of Amsterdam |
| 367 | 89 | 3536 | do. March 15th, '96, do. in favor do do |
| 898 | 36 | 14235 | do. May 17th, '96, in favor of do do |
| 387 | 37 | 14678 | do. Sept. 9th, '96, in favor of do do |
| 3367 | 5 | 13242 | do, May 27th, '95, in favor of Frederick Lodewyk Braunsberg of Amsterdam |
| 2711 | 8 | 3249 | do. August 28th, '95, in favor of do do |
| 2131 | 47 | 3305 | do. July 23d, '95, in favor of do do |
| 342 | 0 | 13860 | do. Dec. 10th, '95, in favor of do do |
| 298 | 22 | 3316 | do. Aug. 28th, '95, in favor of do do |
| 4000 | 0 | 13793 | do Nov, 16th, '95, in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co London. |
| 1500 | 0 | 13237 | do. May 27th, '95, in favor of do do |
| 1600 | 0 | 13798 | do. Nov. 16th, '95, in favor of do do |
| 9376 | 66 | 11963 | do. Apr. 24th, '97, Commissioner of Loans of New-York, in favor Jonathan Hoare of London |
| 36,014 | 97 | | 6 per cent stock, |
| *Dols.* | *Cts.* | *No.* | |
| 7997 | 93 | 1143 | do. Mar. 2d, '93, Register Certificate to Herman Katencamp of Great Britain. |
| 7000 | 0 | 5757 | do. do do do do to do of do |
| 1000 | 0 | 5883 | do. Mar. 18th, '93, do to do of do |
| 1500 | 0 | 1176 | do. do dd do do to do of do |
| 12000 | 0 | 900 | do. Oct. 9th, '92, do to John Warder & Co of London |
| 700 | 43 | 952 | do, Oct. 26th, '92, do to do of do |
| 10783 | 33 | 6075 | do. May 13th, '93, do to Stadnitski & Son of Amsterdam |
| 5000 | 0 | 6366 | do. Aug. 6th, '93, do to Nicholas Van Staphorst of Amsterdam. |
| 5000 | 0 | 6367 | do do do do do to do of do |
| 8352 | 92 | 2868 | do. May 16th, '95, Commissioner of Loans at New-York to Henry M. Bird of London, |
| 4000 | 0 | 1717 | do. Nov. 2d, '92, do to Philip Sansom of London |
| 3618 | 69 | 1718 | do. do do do do to do of do |
| 2634 | 0 | 3968 | do, Nov. 3d, '92, do to do of do |
| 5000 | 0 | 1724 | do. Nov. 6th, '92, do to do of do |
| 74587 | 30 | | Deferred 6 per cent Stock. |

WILLING'S & FRANCIS.
may 25 d3m

*Notice is hereby given,*
THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of 6 per cent funded stock the said certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York:

No. 3072, Signed Joseph Nourse, in favor of Samuel and Henry Waddington, dated February 21, 1795, for dollars 2000

No. 2964, Signed Joseph Nourse, to William & Jan Willink, and Nicholas & Jacob Van Staphorst & Hubbard, agents for the United States at Amsterdam, dated January 31st, 1795 for 5000 dollars.

WILLING'S & FRANCIS.
may 25 d3m

WANTED,

A WET NURSE with a good Breast of Milk. Any such person who can be properly recommended may hear of generous terms, by applying at No 160, South Third Street, between Walnut and Spruce streets.

june 20 §

## BOTTLED PORTER

*FOR SALE AT*

HARE's BREWERY.

june 20.

WANTED,

*BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN,*

A WOMAN who understands Cooking, and will undertake a part of the other work of the House; also, a MAN SERVANT, who is accustomed to wait at Table, and master of his business.—any persons suitable, with an unexceptionable character would find a very comfortable situation—Enquire of the Printer

june 19 d3t

## FOR SALE,

*The remarkably fast sailing coppered*

SHIP

*S P Y,*

RICHARD WEST, master,

has ten six pounders and four swivels, small arms and ammunition, and two suits of sails.

For terms apply to

*Stephen Kingston,*

46 Walnut-street

N. B. If not sold before Friday next, will then be disposed of at Public Sale at 12 o'clock at the Coffee House.

june 18 d4t

## St. Croix Sugar,

*OF THE FIRST QUALITY,*

WILL be landed To-Morrow, at South-street wharf, from on board of the brig James arrived at the Fort,

*FOR SALE BY*

PRAGERS & Co.

june 18 §

JUST ARRIVED,

*In the ship Stockport, from Liverpool,*

And for sale at No. 90,

*The corner of Market and Third-Streets,*

A PARCEL OF BEST CHESHIRE

And Double Glocester Cheese,

By the Hamper or larger Quantity at reduced prices.

JOHN FRIES.

june 17 d1w

61 *Hhds of Richmond*

## TOBACCO,

of an excellent quality,

FOR SALE BY

*Peter Barker & Co.*

No 148, High street

6 mo. 18 eotf

## IRISH LINENS.

Just received, via New-York, also by the ship Stockport from Liverpool, a good assortment of

4-4 wide Irish Linens,

*in half boxes,*

Which will be disposed of by the package on reasonable terms by

*JAMES CLIBBORN & ENGLISH,*

No. 13, south Front street.

june 14 tu th sa tf

TO LET,

A genteel three story brick house with extensive back buildings, and many conveniencies.

*The proprietor would exchange rents upon a lease,*

for a small farm within 9 or 10 miles of this city.

*ALSO*—A lot on Passyunk Road containing 10 acres, about three quarters of a mile below South-street. Enquire at the office of this Gazette.

june 17. d10t

*TO RENT,*

The HOUSE lately occupied by the British Commissioners, No. 7, North Eighth Street. THOS MIFFLIN, junr.

june 17 3aw3w

*A VENDRE.*

*(Si l' on se presente sans retard.)*

DES TERRES EXCELLENTS, situées dans le comté d' Arundel, près de la Ville d' Annapolis, et à environs 30 milles de la cité de Washington. Une de ces Terres a une superbe maison en brique, à trois étages, contenant 4 chambres sur chaque étage. La situation en est charmante, l' air y est bien sain, et le roisinage est des plus agréable—Ces Terres se vendront en petits lots, ou bien en gros, comme il pourra convenir aux achéteurs. Il y a aussi plusieurs petites habitations sur ses, Terres, don. le loyer par an monte à une somme considerable. Si l' on vendroit une description plus particulière, il faut adresser à l'imprimerie de cette feuille.

8 juin raw6w

*WILLIAM COBBETT*

HAS JUST PUBLISHED (PRICE 1 DOL. 50 CENTS)

*THE*

## BAVIAD

*AND*

## MÆVIAD.

*By WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQUIRE.*

To which is prefixed,

*A POETICAL EPISTLE TO THE AUTHOR*

*By an American Gentleman.*

[In introducing this celebrated work to the Gentlemen and Ladies of America, I have endeavored to give it a dress proportioned to its distinguished merit, and to the taste of those for whose amusement and delight it is intended. No expence has been spared in the publication; and I flatter myself that the work does not yield, either in paper or print, to any one ever published in America.—— This edition has an advantage over some former ones, as it contains by way of notes, the minor productions of the author; and, it has an advantage over *every* other edition, to the *Poetical Epistle*, which is prefixed to it, and which must be extremely gratifying to every lover of literature in this country, as it is a proof that there are Americans who have the taste to admire, the justice to applaud, and the talents to rival the Geniuses of other nations

☞ Some Copies have been sent on to *Mr. Somerville*, Maiden Lane, *New York*, also to *Mr. Hill, Baltimore*, and to *Mr. Young, Charleston*.

Copies will be sent to *Boston* and other places, as soon as occasions offer.]

may 28 §

# Foreign Intelligence.

*The following account of the Russian Army, must interest the reader.*

## THE RUSSIAN ARMY.

*Extract of a letter from St. Polten, in lower Austria, Jan. 25th 1799.*

"For these ten days we have been in full enjoyment of the presence of Russian Army: and we have here, till further orders, the Head-quarters: its every numerous suite in men and horses, two Regiments of Grenadiers, one of Infantry, one of the Chasseurs on foot, and about 1500 Cossacks, the greatest part of which are quartered in this neighbourhood. It is impossible not to admire the high state of discipline of this army; there is nothing that one can reasonably complain of; and if trifling irregularities occur, they would be found equally in any other army; especially if it was 500 leagues from home and in confined cantonments. The Grenadiers are a very fine body of men, strongly, made, well clothed, adroit in the management of arms, and march wonderfully well. They have a very military air; every man knows what he has to do, and does it to perfection. You can form no idea of the subordination that exists, even amongst the Officers. There is the same distance between General Lwow, the Second in Command, and the Commander in Chief, the Comte de Rosenberg, as there formerly was in France between an Inspector and a Quarter-Master. The Officers are in general young and well-made, very well-bred, almost all of them talking French, and fluently. I was present at a sort of Fete, which was given them by the Bishop of St. Polton. The Archduke Ferdinand and his two sons, the Marshal Kinski, and many other Persons of Distinction from Vienna were there, who came over to see and to welcome their Allies. I almost fancied myself at Paris; they absolutely talked nothing but French, which is the favorite language with the Russians. There are however some who can speak German tolerable well. The next day I had a good deal of conversation with General Lwow. He is a very respectable man, and answered my questions with great civility. He appeared to be sensible, and well-informed. He has travelled over all Europe, and (as I was informed by many Russian Officers), was the Adjutant and favorite of the famous Potemkin, whom he accompanied in all his Wars. I was very much interested in hearing him talk on that subject. He told me, for instance, that the Capture of Oczakow had cost the Russians 30,000 men; and that of Ismarlow 15,000. He also gave us some notions of the practice of the Russian Army. When it advances to attack an enemy, the Soldiers must always look only four or five paces before them; they are ordered (and this is part of the instruction of each individual), never to raise their eyes. The General says, that a fine disposition of a hostile army, or an extended line, might make an impression on them. "Besides," said he, "it is the business of the Officers to conduct them where they are to strike, for we fire very little, and trust principally to the bayonet. When we are hand to hand, the soldiers are equally forbid to look at the face;—for is it not useless to look at the head when you are striking at the belly?—and by this means a fine or a terrible figure makes no impression" There is an abridgment for you of the military doctrine of the Russians. I confess that I did not imagine they were so far advanced in the knowledge of the human heart, and in that of the influence of the eyes on a man's spirit.

"Before I proceed to the Cassacks, I must mention to you a superb Regiment of Foot, Chasseurs, singularly well trained. Frst of all they fire, and then charge their carbines, laying flat along the ground. They are besides taught to support themselves between two Cassacks, when advanving against the Enemy, or when pushing forward to get possession of a height or wood. When arrived at their point, whether they mean to make a discharge, or to seize the post, they throw themselves on the ground, fire, and rush on, supported by the Cavalry; and if a retreat becomes necessary, they make it in the same way. This manœuvre was performed at *Brunn*, before the Emperor, to the great astonishment and satisfaction of the spectators and judges of the business.

"Before I quit the Infantry, you must be informed, that great care is taken of the men, that they are well and warmly clothed, and in a military manner: every Soldier and Grenadier has a good cloak, which he carries as the Austrians carry their great coats: and besides that, there are in each Company a certain number of immense cloaks, which are only made use of by the night Sentries. In the day time the sentinels have only their coats buttoned, with their belt and sword on the outside. The men, whether by habit or by constitution, are certainly of quite a different nature from the French and Germans. Conceive only that since they came here, and the incessant and severe cold that we experience, they have only been relieved, when on guard, every four hours. This I have been told, and I have indeed myself witnessed it. One of these regiments now at St. Polten, has been on its march ever since last May. We have also the Garrison of Smolensko, and a Battalion which comes from the frontiers of Siberia.

"Now I must say a word of the charming Cossacks, about whom we are raving. The greatest part is composed of young men, very stout, well built, fine figures, rather coxcombs, and having nothing barbarous about them. In appearance they are not unlike the English; and when they are drawn up, their singular dress appears to great advantage. Their Chief, whose name is DENISOW, is without exception the handsomest man I ever saw; six feet three inches high, a fine figure, broad shoulders, and about thirty five years old: all these advantages are increased by the most fine politeness, and by a facility in talking all languages, and particularly the French. It was this gallant Cossack who took Prisoner with his own hand the famous Kociuszko. The horses of the Cossacks come from Tartary, and are by no means handsome. Take in the town where you reside one of the smallest, the thinest, and the poorest horses; put in his mouth a bridle worth two-pence, and on his back a bad piece of wood, covered with a sort of pillow made of leather or of some sort of stuff; and you will have a perfect resemblance of a Cossack horse.—But as to his qualities, the case is very different. Nothing is comparable to the vigor and suppleness of these little animals. Every day I see them on our frozen pavements, galloping and wheeling in a manner almost incredible. Add to this that the Cossacks have no spurs, and that their arms are, a lance twelve feet long, a small caroine in a leather belt, two pistols at their waists, and a very crooked sabre.—Thus equiped the man and horse move about with more agility than our Riding-masters at the Manage. Each man has always in his hand a whip about two feet long, half of which is the handle, and the rest made of round leather or of cord, about the thickness of ones little finger. Besides the 6000 Cossacks which there are with this army, there are 1000 Calmuc Tartars.—These are not good looking but are well made, strong-shouldered, and are of a figure of a piece with this. Their arms are the same as those of the Cossacks, except the lance, instead of which they have a bow and twelve arrows in a quiver, which they carry on their shoulder. There is one thing more to mention namely, that almost all the Cossacks have two horses, and from the care that they take of them, without being too particular, you would think they were their own. A newly arrived Regiment of Grenadiers is just passing by, who have cylindrical bayonets, extremely long."

CHARLESTON, June 10.

*Orangeburgh District,*
*June 1st, 1799.*

*MR. TIMOTHY,*

I ENCLOSE you an extract from a letter I lately received from Mr. Rutledge, and request you will publish it in your gazette.—Doing so will greatly oblige me and many of my neighbors, who are the constituents and friends of Mr. Rutledge.

"*Poplar Grove, May* 19, '99.

"The strong proofs of federalism I witnessed in my late ride through the districts of Orangeburgh and Beaufort, afforded me more pleasure than I can describe to you.—Every man I conversed with, seemed quite weaned of all his former predilection for France, to be well satisfied with the administration of the federal government, to love his own country exclusively, and determined to defend her independence, in defiance of every hazard. I was highly flattered to find that those of our fellow citizens who, at a very awful crisis, had done me the honor to select me as their representative in our federal legislature, entertained such patriotic and honorable sentiments; as long as they shall prevail generally among our countrymen, their liberties will be safe, and we shall have nothing to fear from the anger, the ambition, or the avarice of France. In answer to your enquiry, whether we are to be at war or peace with that country, I can only give you my opinion on this interesting subject—they are, that the return of peace and the establishment of a well organized government will prove fatal to the directory and to the two councils, and indeed to every man who participates in the administration of the present government of France; that they all very well know their reign will be commensurate with the reign of anarchy and despotism; that they will not enter seriously into negociations with any of the powers at war with France, till constrained to do so by pecuniary embarrassments; and to ward them off as long as they possibly can, the French government will make war, (or threaten to do so) on every country from which there is the least chance of obtaining money. The monies plundered from one state, furnish the means of destroying another, and thus loans and tributes have become as necessary for preserving the existing state of things in France, as carnage is for the beasts of prey. If, however there should fortunately be an ebb in the affairs of France, and her plundering career be checked, she must immediately sheathe the sword. Her internal resources have failed long ago; throughout the last year, the government and the war have been maintained by extrinsic aids; and from the countries which have been conquered, no further sacrifice can be obtained, for they have already surrendered their last shilling. At present Portugal seems to stand at the head of the pillage list of the French government, and the vast deal of Plunder lately got at Naples, will, I fear, enable them to make a successful invasion of Portugal. Whether the spoils of that country will determine the directory to attempt an invasion of the territory of the United States, or whether they will pick a quarrel with Spain, and then add her to the list of ruined countries, and make French departments of the Floridas and Louisiana, we shall shortly know. The want of a sufficient marine force will, I think, prove an insurmountable obstacle to an attack upon our territory;—but if by any accident, that shall be overcome, I trust the wisdom and energy of government, the union and republican firmness of our fellow-citizens, will dispense us from such dreadful visitations as afflict many of the states of Europe which have been conquered pillaged and enslaved by the ambition, cupidity and tyranny of France.

"The information you require respecting the insurrection in some parts of Pennsylvania, will reach you before this letter can, by means of the public prints: in them you will see that general M'Pherson's army had returned to Philadelphia with the ringleaders of the insurgents; the deluded people they misled had returned to their ploughs, and tumult has been converted into order, without the effusion of blood. You will also have read in the papers, that the militia troop of horse had mal-treated some of the peaceable inhabitants of Reading, and assaulted very violently the printer of that town. I strongly suspect all this history of the Lancaster troop will turn out to be a falshood, and wish my friends in your neighborhood would suspend their opinions of it till they shall receive further accounts. I have the pleasure of being intimately acquainted with the gallant general who commanded on this expedition, and regard him as too great a disciplinarian, too good a citizen to have permitted with impunity, the gross outrages some of his troops are charged with. A much stronger reason, however, than that afforded by the reputation of general M'Pherson, for my believing this history to be false, is, that at Philadelphia it was published in the Aurora, and in that paper only.

"The editors of the Aurora being by many suspected (and by me sincerely believed) to be in the pay of France, it was not to be expected they would either acknowledge or applaud the patriotism of that portion of our fellow citizens of Pennsylvania, who have generally sacrificed every thing less dear than the love of their country, to the meritorious task of enforcing its laws. On the contrary, those who are acquainted with the jacobinic and exotic temper of the Aurora, must have expected to see, in that paper, every shaft of calumny and malice exhausted against our citizen soldiers, who arrayed themselves under the banners of their own government, against a band of rebels, stimulated to open insurrection by persons friendly to the views of France, and who, by every profligate contrivance their wit and wickedness can devise, are constantly exciting ungenerous suspicions against the legitimate acts of the federal government. If, however, my opinions are erroneous respecting the statements made in the Aurora of the Lancaster troop of horse, and they really did assault some of the citizens of Reading, without military cognizance having been taken of the delinquents, they are amenable to the civil authority, and the insulted citizens will obtain the advantage of having them tried by a jury of their neighbors, in the very town where the assault was committed, and before impartial judges. Our country being distinguished by a government of laws, an independent judiciary and an uninterrupted course of justice, the democratic printer of Reading, and the citizen soldier of Lancaster, will approach a tribunal of justice on equal terms, and with confidence of having the laws of their country impartially executed; for to the rich and the poor, and to all conditions of citizens, the measure of justice is the law of our land.

"I enclose you two Savannah Gazettes containing the addresses which were presented on behalf of the militia, judges and other gentlemen of the law, of Georgia, to Generals Pinckney and Washington, with their answers; and request, after reading, that you will circulate them among your neighbors: I know it will give them great pleasure to learn that our sister state, which, from local and other causes, requires more protection of the general government than any in the union, has become highly federal, and manifests a sincere intention of supporting vigorously the general government. The answers to the addresses merit much attention as they display very fully general Pinckney's opinions of the true situation of our nation, and its prospects with regard to the French republic. His sentiments on this subject demand a peculiar degree of confidence and respect from his fellow citizens; not merely because all descriptions of them venerate him as a great and good man, whose sentiments on all subjects are correct; but because, from his late residence at Paris, he must be supposed to have formed more just opinions of the present French character, and the real views of the French republic, than others can who have only seen them at a distance. When general Pinckney, who has studied in France the real intentions of that government, and who knows no fear, bids us to be on our guard, I think there is good ground for alarm, and it becomes a duty to guard every avenue against the approaches of our enemy and their agents. When he tells us the true object of French policy is to separate in every country the government from the people, and after having rendered them a prey to French ambition, to establish a despotism over them more atrocious in its excesses than ever heretofore existed; when he and his very respectable friend gen. Marshall tells us there are no limits to the intrigues of France, and that one of its objects is the subversion of our government; there is to me some ground for alarm: when, in addition to the warnings we have from so respectable a quarter, we know that the aggressions of the French are daily increasing, and that our anti-federalists look with cold and philosophic composure at the insolence of a foreign power, when they are alive to the supposed errors of their own government, and when they who are crying out peace with France, and in some parts of the union taking every means to stimulate domestic discontents, there are strong reasons for alarm, and for cherishing the spirit of federalism and independence, which to the great credit of our district happily pervades every part of it."

## *NOTICE.*

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Sharp Delany deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers. Those having claims are desired to present them properly authenticated.—

DAN. S. DELANY } Administra-
THOS. R. DELANY } tors.

june 19. codrm.

## *Notice.*

THE subscriber, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Mr. John Lupton, late of this city, merchant, deceased, requests those who are indebted to said estate, to make payment, and those who have demands against the same to exhibit them to him without delay.

W. MEREDITH,

No. 16, south Fourth street.

april 26 d01m

## G. SHAW,

*Respectfully informs the public, he has received from*

ROBERT JOHNSTON,

Apothecary, No. 20, Green street, Soho, London, a fresh and very considerable supply of his highly esteemed Medicine.

AWARE of the depredations made on every public medicine of established repute and extensive sale, R. Johnston, obtained the King of England's Patent for his invention, not "*to recommend*" but "*to distinguish*," Whitehead's Essence of Mustard from

*SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.*

"Five years have now elapsed since Mr. Johnston first made known to the world this very extraordinary medicine; during this short period, its efficacy has been so clearly demonstrated that its sale has far exceeded any former example; comparitively there are few families in England or the United States which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects and with heartfelt satisfaction he had the happiness to declare Whitehead's Essence of Mustard has cured more persons afflicted with *Rheumatisms, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach and other Painful Maladies.*

Than all the Medicines ever before made public, indeed, the instances, of its efficacy and letters of acknowledgment from "the most respectable characters" are so numerous that a large volume could not possibly contain them, it has also obtained the approbation of the most eminent men of the faculty and is honoured by the use and recommendation of the first families in England, Ireland and America.

*A COUNTERFEIT.*

R. JOHNSTON has reason to believe a large quantity under the name of "*Improved Essence of Mustard*," as well as many others has been shipped for America, and considers it his duty to prevent *imposition* and *disappointment*.

He therefore requests the afflicted to be particular in the purchase of his bottles, boxes, labels, and bill of directions which are closely copied, and words "by royal authority," artfully substituted for the words "by the king's patent' which may elude common observation.

The Genuine is distinguished by the signature of R. Johnston, in his own hand writing on each label, and as an additional security is further signed on the outside wrapper by his only agent for the United States. G. SHAW, No 129 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, by whom it is sold wholesale and retail, in pills and in a fluid state at one dollar each, box or bottle.

FOR CHILBLAINS, SPRAINS AND BRUISES,

It is a certain and effectual remedy, seldom requiring more than three or four applications.

To the candid and liberal of the FACULTY, R. Johnston respectfully submits the following observations. The Fluid Essence of Mustard, is an embrocation worthy their particular attention. it differs in its nature from all others, and is out of the beaten track of general practice—It is an active stimulant, easily controuled; may be either increased or diminished in its strength by the different methods of use, it is both elegant and convenient and is frequently found in the extemporaneous prescriptions of their bretheren in England.

The above Genuine Medicine, as well as many others of the first celibrity may be had by appointment of G. Shaw, of Mr. G. Bailey, Wilmington, Dr. Barrill, Maiden Lane, New-York, Messrs. Bailey and Walker, Charleston, William Black, Salem, (N. J.) Charles Hunitch, Lancaster, A. C. Jorden, Norfolk, John Roberts, do. David Keen, Sweet Springs, Virginia, R. Lee, Baltimore, I. & J. Mantz, Fredericktown, Maryland, G. W. Mancins, Albany, Dr. Vansolingen, New-York, Messrs. Titford & Son, do. Messrs. Ross & Douglas, Pittsburg, John Webster, Wilmington, James Wilson, do. Richard Winter & Co. Savannah, and in every principal town in the United States.

N.B. The public are desired to enquire for Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, all others being a base and spurious imitation.

GEO. SHAW.

129, Chesnut street, where Venders may be supplied.

"*Caution against Counterfeits.*"

Agents are appointed by G. Shaw in every principal town of the United States, and there is no certainty of purchasing the Genuine Essence of Mustard in any part of America, unless it is signed on the outside wrapper by G. Shaw, No. 129, Chesnut street, Philadelphia, where shopkeepers are supplied and a liberal discount allowed them.

May 13

## Valuable Lands

*FOR SALE*

AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON Tuesday the 23d day of July next, at the Tontine Coffee-House, in the City of New-York, 48,000 acres, of very valuable Land, situate in the county of Tioga, state of New-York, Southerly of the military tract and Northerly of the town of Chemung, being part of the tract, commonly known by the name of Watkins and Flint's great tract; this tract is surveyed, and divided into Townships and quarter Townships, and the premises hereby advertised for sale, consist of the North East and North West quarters of Township No. 1, the South West quarter of Township No. 6, the North East quarter of Township No. 7, South East quarter of Township No. 8, the North West quarter of Township No. 9, and two lots, in Township No. 11, and 12, adjoining the Owego River, or Creek, containing together upwards of 3000 acres. Two of the above mentioned quarter Townships are divided into lots of from 250 to 200 acres; there are a number of settlers on the tract, and several good roads pass through it, and the surrounding country is in a rapid state of improvement—These lands will be sold in quarter Townships, or smaller quantities to accommodate the purchasers, on the following easy terms.—One fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the execution of the Deed, and the Residue in three equal annual payments, with interest to be secured by a mortgage on the premises, or other good security. The title is indisputable, and the maps and field books containing a description of the lands, may be seen, by applying to Colonel Aaron Burr, Henry Rutgers, Alexander Roberson, or Marinus Willet of the city of New York, who will treat with any person, inclining to purchase, previous to the above day of Sale.

New-York, May 23. 25 Sts

# By this Day's Mail.

BOSTON, June 17.

*CIRCUIT COURT.*

On Monday, the 10th inst. DAVID BROWN, who had pleaded guilty to an indictment for seditious writings and practices, was sentenced by the Court to pay a fine of 400 dollars, and to eighteen months imprisonment.

The indictment was lengthy. The two first counts consisted of numerous extracts from two manuscripts, written by the defendant: the contents of which he has industriously circulated in different parts of the commonwealth. These writings are replete with the most malignant and perverse misrepresentations of the views and measures of the government of the United States. The government is represented as "a tyrannic "association of about five hundred out of five millions," to engross to themselves "all the benefit of public property, and live "upon the ruins of the rest of the community."

All the means which a vicious ingenuity could suggest, appear to have been used by him to create discontent, and to excite among the people hatred and opposition to their government. The last count in the indictment was for procuring a label to be painted and affixed to a pole erected at Dedham, in October last, the following words recited in the indictment, made part of the inscription, "No Stamp-Act; no Sedition, no Alien-Bill; no Land-Tax; Downfal to the Tyrants of America; Peace and Retirement to the President; Long Live the Vice-President and the Minority." The indictment was founded on the second section of the Act of July 14, 1798, commonly called the sedition-Act, and the writings composed and published by the defendant, were alledged to have been done "with intent to defame the government of the United States, the Congress, and President of the United States, to bring them into contempt and disrepute: to excite against them the hatred of the good people of the United States, and to stir up sedition therein; and to excite unlawful combinations therein for opposing and resisting divers good and wholesome laws of the United States, and to aid, encourage and abet the hostile designs of the Republic of France against the United States, their people and government."

The defendant having on his first arraignment pleaded Not Guilty, a day was assigned for his trial. The witnesses were summoned on the part of the United States, and though the defendant, at the time assigned for trial, retracted his first plea and pleaded Guilty, the Court thought proper to examine the witnesses present, that the degree of his guilt might be duly ascertained.

HORATIO TOWNSEND, Esq. testified, that he heard Brown reading one of the Manuscripts to a collection of people at a store in Medfield, some time in October last. He recollected a passage recited in the indictment, in which the occupation of government is stated to be, "to plunder and steal the business of the people, to secrete their property by by fraud," &c. in which passage JOEL BARLOW is quoted. Brown was endeavouring to obtain subscribers.—Mr. TOWNSEND felt so indignant at the sentiments read by defendant from his book, that he did not stay to hear the whole. They appeared to him to make impressions on several of the bystanders, unfavourable to the government.

Rev. Mr. BARKER, of Middleborough, testified, that Brown called at his house in October, or early in November last, and presented to him a manuscript, which he said he intended to publish, and wished Mr. B. to correct.—The manuscript was left at Mr. B's house several days, and was taken away by Brown. Mr. Barker, read several pages of it, and laid it aside without further attention: recognizes it to be the same shewn to him in Court, and which is in part recited in the indictment. Brown mentioned to Mr. Barker, that had obtained a number of subscribers, and wished to have the book published before the then approaching day of election for a member of Congiess, in the third southern district.

JAMES FORD, of Milton, testified, that *Brown* called on him some time last autumn with a collection of papers, the spelling and writing of which were bad; he wished the witness to correct and copy some of them for publication; part of them *Brown* read to the witness, and he recollects the sentiments and expressions to be the same as is recited in the second count in the indictment. The part recollected by Mr. FORD, contains the following expressions, "the land-tax, stamp-act, and treason-law, and the exorbitant taxes Britain were about to fetch on us without representation, are now brought on us by the representatives of speculators, and not of the people; which it is to be feared that the majority of the house of Congress are at this day, and have been for a number of years; who have represented the new lands into their hands the soldier's pay, and are determined to represent the stock and farms of the yeomanry, to bring the country into lord's tenants and boroughs. The first strat gem which the fiends of darkness made use of, was to make a new treaty with Britain, to overturn the republican government of America."

Mr. FORD did not correct or copy the manuscript as requested.

JEREMIAH BAKER, some time last fall was called into the house of his mother-in-law, Dedham, in consequence of the appearance of a strolling stranger, who excited some apprehensions. It was *David Brown*, who soon produced his manuscripts, and begun to read them. Mr. BAKER recollects distinctly only what related to the sale of the public lands and the charge of fraud and corruption in the conduct of government in that business.

JOSEPH KINGSBURY, of Dedham. *Brown* was at his house twice previous to the erection of the pole in October last, and lodged there. His time in one of the visits was occupied in a conference with a brother of the witness, on Paine's Age of Reason. At another time he read his manuscripts; and the witness recollects some of the passages mentioned by Mr. TOWNSEND.

AMERIAH CHAPIN. *D. Brown* applied to him in October last, to paint the board and label mentioned in the indictment, which he did, and received his pay from *Brown*: he copied the label from a writing delivered to him by *Brown*.

LUTHER ELLIS, saw a number of people, about 40 or 50 erecting a pole near the highway in Dedham, in October last. *Brown* was there, and held the ladder, while another person ascended, affix to the pole the label mentioned in the indictment. The people who erected the pole seemed earnestly engaged in the business, and were harsh in their expressions to the witness and some others who were spectators and were of different political sentiments.

After this examination the Attorney for the United States exhibited and read to the Court, some other seditious writings, taken from Brown at the time of his commitment. They were in rhime. One entitled, "A Dagger for Tyrants." contained the most virulent invective against the President and Government of the United States. The identity of the papers was established by the the testimony of the marshal of the district, who testified also to *Brown's* acknowledgment that he composed them. There was also produced a contract for a printing press and types, to be delivered to *Brown*. The contract was made in March last, a short time before his commitment.

After this enquiry, his Honor Judge CHASE, observed to *Brown*, that having pleaded guilty to the indictment, and thrown himself on the mercy of the court, it became him to conduct frankly and sincerely: and to evidence his sincerity and contrition by disclosing to the Government those who had prompted and aided him in his mischievous and dangerous pursuits, and by delivering up the list of subscribers to his pernicious writings.

He replied, that on the Monday following he would deliver to the court, in writing some observations relative to his situation, and conduct. When called to the bar to receive sentence, he delivered in a paper in which he expresses his sorrow for uttering his political sentiments; "more especially," he adds, "in the way and manner I did utter them." By "giving up the names" to which the Court referred, "I shall loose," says he, "all my friends." He promises to conduct as a peaceable citizen in future, and requests that his punishment may be wholly by imprisonment, and not by fine.

Judge CHASE, previous to declaring the sentence of the Court, made some very impressive observations to Brown on the nature, malignity and magnitude of his offences; on the vicious industry with which he had circulated and inculcated his disorganizing doctrines, and impudent falshoods: and the very alarming and dangerous excesses to which he attempted to incite the uninformed part of the community. The court, he observed, saw no satisfactory indication of a change of disposition, or amelioration of temper; and found nothing disclosed in the paper delivered to them to justify a mitigation of that punishment which his very pernicious and dangerous practices demanded.

*David Brown* appears to be between 40 and 50 years of age. He says he was born in Bethleham, in Connecticut; spent the early part of his life, to use his own expression to the Court, "in farming and study." and was some time in the army during the revolutionary war; since that time he has been in foreign countries; has written and preached politics for almost two years past; and according to a declaration in one of his manuscripts, has been in or has "direct information" from 80 towns in the Commonwealth. And audaciously predicts that the people will "finally break out like the burning mountain of Etna."

[The proceedings of the court, relative to *B. Fairbanks* in our next.]

NEW-YORK, June 20.

During the storm on Tuesday evening a part of the convicts in the State Prison made a second attempt to escape. With a piece of tin from one of the close stools they cut the mortar from a stone in the wall until they could take out the stone itself, and when they had formed a vacuity large enough, one of them, named Johnson, crept through it, and broke open the door of the front cell. By this means he got into the blacksmith's shop, from whence he took a hammer, and broke 12 padlocks. When the convicts who were thus liberated, had entered the yard, they made a scaffold to scale the walls, and seven of these daring offenders escaped before the keeper could procure the necessary assistance to prevent it. A Reward of 50 dollars is offered for their apprehension.

*MELANCHOLY!*

During the frightful storm that was experieced last evening, the lightning, which was unusually awful and vivid, struck a house on Governor's Island, descended down the chimney, killed one man and wounded three others, one of them badly. The names of the unfortunate men we have not been able to learn

A house at Brooklyn belonging to Mr. Malcom, was likewise struck, the chimney of which was broke to pieces, and several of the family stunned, but not materially injured.

Also, a stable in the Bowery was struck, and 3 horses killed.


JUST RECEIVED

*From Barcelona, in the Danish brig Aurora, Captain Schlichting,*

416 pipes high-flavored Brandy,

364 sacks Hazle Nuts, and a quantity of Corks,

FOR SALE BY

*Thomas & John Ketland.*

*may* 31 d14t


# The Gazette.

*PHILADELPHIA,*

FRIDAY EVENING, *JUNE* 21.

We learn that *Collot*, the French general who has so long resided in this city, to the scandal of all faithful Americans, is about to take his departure, at last, in a flag of truce for Cape François. We have not learnt whether he retires home "upon compunction," or of his own free will and accord.

K. VAN RENSSELAER, ESQ. is removed from the Scammel to the George Washington, of 32 guns.

Capt. V. left town this day, to take his command.

No. I.

*To the Managers*
*Of the* ALMS-HOUSE & HOUSE *of* EMPLOY.

*GENTLEMEN,*

I HAVE seen your annual account to the 25th of last month, in Fenno's paper of the 17th instant, and will make a few remarks upon it, which I submit to your consideration.

Previous to doing this, I will observe, that in your account No. 1. there is an error of forty five pounds, occasioned by your crediting the manufacturing account with only three hundred and thirty eight pounds three pence for goods consumed in the house, which credit ought to be three hundred and eighty three pounds, three pence, if your account No. 3 is right, to which I request your attention.

At first view I thought it might be a typographical error, but on casting both accounts up I find it is not so—how the mistake escaped the scrutinizing eye of the Mayor, two Aldermen, and three Justices. I cannot tell, but so it appears, and that all of them have passed the account as examined, approved and allowed.

Having given you credit for this forty five pounds, the balance, which you state to be the profits of the manufactory will be eighty seven pounds six shillings and four pence. Admitting this to be the true sum, I will leave your general accounts for receipts and expenditures to be the subject of future investigation, and proceed to state by whom this money is earned.

By your account No. 3, the paupers in the house are six hundred and five, of whom one hundred and fifty three are children—I will throw them all out of the question, because they do not work—The result is, there remains two hundred and twenty six men, and two hundred and twenty seven women, the profits of whose labor together in the whole year is but four shillings each.

I acknowledge that very large allowance ought to be made for the situation of many of your paupers, but still I cannot resolve it to my own satisfaction, that four hundred and fifty three grown people, who are all provided at the public expence with board, cloathing, fuel and every necessary article of life, should not earn four shillings each a year, when an individual laborer can earn twice as much in one day.

If, however, you can satisfy your fellow-citizens on this subject, it will be proper to do it; for many of them begin to grow uneasy about the poor tax, and consider it as an almost insupportable burthen. They felt it so last year, and they are likely to feel it so this year, in which I am told sixty two thousand dollars are assessed for the poor tax alone.

Enormous as this is, I believe they will pay it willingly, if they are but convinced that good œconomy is observed in the expenditure of their money, and that a reasonable share of labor is exacted from all those who can work, in due proportion to their ability and strength—but if you apply their taxes to improper uses, and turn the Alms-House and House of Employ, which was designed for the convenient and comfortable accommodation of the infirm and superannuated poor of the city and districts, as well as to encourage industry in those who are willing to do work, if they could get it, into a nursery for idle itinerants, you may expect, notwithstanding the regard we entertain for your characters, that we shall complain with justice, and say the institution instead of being a public benefit, is become a disgrace to the city.

The following curious printed circular, having been received by a young Irishman, of short residence in the country, he applied to a gentleman to read it for him; as every thing relating to so dignified a personage as the Aurora-man, must be interesting, it would be wrong the public should not know of his establishing, after the manner of other high personages, a body guard for his sublime person.

*Citizen,*

The irregular attendance of those who have proposed to become members of the New Republican Company, has obliged the attending members at their last meeting on Tuesday evening, to come to a decisive resolution, to be determined by another meeting on Saturday evening next at 7 o'clock.

The purpose of that meeting is to ascertain by the positive attendance of the members, the real strength of the corps; and it is expected that each member will come with two dollars, to be paid down towards defraying the expences of equipment.

Persons who cannot afford to pay at once for their equipment, can be accommodated by paying in small weekly instalments.

The uniform agreed upon at two meetings was as follows:

White hat, with green under, and cock's neck feather; green coatee, with yellow collar, edging, and buttons gilt, cloth superfine; dimity waistcoast and pantaloons; half boots; black collar; cartridge box in front; cockade, a large silver eagle on a very small black ground.

The meeting on Saturday will be held in private room under the Aurora printing-office; where if you really mean to belong to the corps you are requested to attend.

Health and esteem,

Wm. DUANE.

June 19, 1799.

A letter dated the 10th of May at Lisbon has been received in this city to day announcing the arrival of the ship America of this port, Walter Sims commander, after a passage of 19 days from the Capes of Deleware, but gives no information as to the operations of the contending armies on the continent.

We learn that by this arrival letters are received to the 18th May, communicating the important and glorious information, that the French were still continuing to give ground, in all quarters.

*Extract of a letter from a very respectable gentleman in Hamburg, dated April 10, '99, to a Mercantile house in this city.*

"The continued depredations of the French make insurance still very difficult to be procured and our Underwriters very extravagant in their demands. The present premiums are 20 a 25 per cent, on American, and 12 a 15 per cent, on neutral vessels, on their coming north apout—nor is there any probability of their becoming more moderate, so long as the present political relations between France and America may exist."

The Aurora of Wednesday morning says, that "Gen. La Fayette may be expected to arrive in the United States in the course of the next month."

*MARRIED*]—*Last evening, Mr. THOMAS MIFFLIN, junr. of this city, merchant, to Miss SARAH LARGE, daughter of Mr. Ebenezer Large.*

*Lexington (Ken.) May 25.*

*PROSPECT OF AN INDIAN WAR.*

By a gentleman who arrived in town on Saturday last, from Cincinnati we are informed that he saw a letter from the commandant at Detroit, to the commanding officer at Fort Washington, informing him that the Indians were embodying and holding councils—and from every appearance, meditating a stroke on some part of the frontiers of the United States.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Frankfort, to the Editor, dated, May 20th 1799.

"A few days ago there was a party of eight or ten Indians, completely armed, passed through Shelby county, where it was thickly inhabited, doing very considerable damage to the inhabitants, by killing their hogs, cows, &c. They were painted in a warlike manner, and left several signs, which shewed their hostile intentions.

By a gentlemen just arrived here from Fort Massac, we have been favoured with the following important information—That he saw a letter from a respectable gentleman in Kaskaskias, to the Commandant of that post, which mentioned the certainty of four nations of Indians (the names of which he does not recollect, but they reside above the Illenois river) being hostile to the people of Kaskaskias, and particular to the tribe of Kaskaskias Indians, several of whom they have taken and killed within this spring.—That the people of the Illinois settlements appear much alarmed, as also the Kaskaskias Indians.

This information may be depended on, as the above mentioned letter came directly from the Illenois—it stated the circumstances more particularly than they can be recollected at present.

The gentleman from whom we received the above, left fort Massac on the 7th inst.

(K. Her.)

# Gazette Marine List.

*Port of Philadelphia,*

ARRIVED.

Ship Superb, Boyd, London, sailed with the convoy.

CLEARED,

Ship George, M'Collom, Martinique and Lagnira
Brig Betsey, Wicks, Havanna
James, Boocock, Guadaloupe, a flag
Schr. Three Sisters, Gardner, St. Kitts
Sloop Bethia, Butler, Norfolk

Brig Molly, Kilby, from Cuba, is below.

June 21.

*Received from capt. Prince, of the brig Rosetta, arrived at Baltimore, in 23 days from the city of Santo Domingo.*

*May 25th, 1799. being in St. Domingo, and ready to sail with a Cartel for America, there came in a schooner under American colours, with seven men whom she had picked up from a boat at sea. The said schooner sailed from Virginia the 19th of April, bound to St. Thomas's—on the 22d, in lat. 35, 49, long. 72, 10, took up the above boat, being the crew of the schooner William of Baltimore: they had been out 5 days in the bout, living on three sweet biscuit and an half pint of water for 24 hours. Having taken on board the boat's crew, the schooner proceeded on her voyage. The first land they made was Porto Rico, which they mistook for St. Martin's, and ran down as far as the Old Cape—beat up to Anguadilla, and on the captain's arrival there, the people having only one shirt, and that on for thirty-five days, he sold the boat, kept the money, and would not give them a farthing of it to buy a shirt. Thence they came down to St. Domingo. The schooner belongs to Richmond, commanded by one capt. James Manwell of Norfolk, with two French supercargoes on board. When I came away, had not sold her cargo, but supposed he would the next day.*

*On my passage home, was boarded by the British Frigate Trent, the captain and officers of which treated me with great politeness. Having sick on board, the Captain of the Trent sent his Surgeon on board, with an abundant Supply of Medicines &c.*

*The Caesar, from Philadelphia to Lisbon, 20 days out, was missing May the 10th.*

Arrived at the Fort, brig Molly, Kilby, 16 days from Neuritas; on the 9th inst. in lat 26, N long 74 30 W spoke the following vessels—
Ship Lord Duncan, Cameron, of Glasgow
Caroline, Drummond, London
Brig Eliza, Rogers, Glasgow
Dispatch, Lyon, do. last from Cork, bound for New-Providence—out 7 weeks, all well.

A few days before the Molly sailed, a French privateer of 16 guns and 120 men, and a schooner privater of 14 guns and 80 men, off Neuritas, fell in with a Providence privateer brig of 16 guns and 60 men with an American ship her prize—they immediately boarded the brig, and killed every soul on board, except 5 with the captain, whom they threw overboard; they then took the prize and carried her into Gerabana, when they lay waiting for the Molly with a full determination to take her; and capt. K. was well assured he should have shared the fate of the brig.

Ship Adriana, Carlton, from London, was at Marcus Hook this morning.


ENGLISH WROUGHT NAILS

*Just arrived from Liverpool.*

150 casks 8d. 10d. 12d and 20d. fine drawn Nails, suited to the West-India Market, and entitled to drawback—also,

50 casks different sizes small Nails,

*FOR SALE,*

on moderate terms for cash or approved notes at 4 and 6 months, by

ROBERT DENISON, Jun.
45 north Third street.

june 21 d14t

CASTOR OIL.

A few dozen bottles just arrived from Jamaica,

FOR SALE

At No. 149, south Front street,

*Where also may be had*
Spermaceti Candles
Madrass and Barbar Handkerchiefs
Patna Chintz
Black Persians
Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper.

*Wanted to Charter for the W. Indies,*

A VESSEL,

*to carry about*

1,500 Barrels,

Apply as above.

june 21 ¶ fr.mo & w.

5 *CASES*

ELEGANT FANCY HATS,

FOR SALE BY

*W. MOTT,*
145 Market-street.

june 21 2aw2w

RECEIVED,

*BY THE LATE ARRIVALS,*

From LONDON and LIVERPOOL,

*And now offered for sale, by the package only,*

ON VERY LOW TERMS.

10 bales of superior British sail Canvass
12 do. of Rose Blankets striped Duffels & Rugs
5 trunks well assorted Printed Callicoes,
2 bales Yorkshire Broadcloaths
4 bales low priced mixt Coatings and Duffells
2 cases of Madam Le Brun Boileau's fashionable Patent Hats and Bonnets
Pins—assorted in small cases
Townsend and Compton's Pewter—well assorted in small casks.

*ALSO, Daily Expected,*

By Vessels in the Spring Convoy,

4000 bushels, high dried, stoved Salt
150 crates of assorted Earthen Ware
A few tons of the best clean Old Petersburgh Hemp
Patent Shot assorted in casks of 5cwt each
White and Red Lead, in casks of 2cwt each
Crown Glass in boxes of 100 and 50 feet each,
London Superfine Broadcloths, and
A few hundred Casks of Nails.

*MEDFORD & WILLIS,*
No. 78 North Front, near Arch-street.

june 21

HORSE-MARKET.

*To be Sold at Auction,*

TO-MORROW MORNING,

*precisely at 11 o'clock,*

A Handsome Dapple Grey Horse,

FULL size, goes well in harness and good under the saddle, warranted perfectly sound—he may be seen at the stables of the subscriber any time before the hour of sale and have an opportunity of trying him.

*WM. DAVIDSON, auctioneer.*

june 21

*Territory north-west of the Ohio river.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all who are proprietors of Wild Land, lying in the county of Washington, in the North-west Territory, that agreeably to a law adopted by the Legislature of said Territory, in the year 1798, subjecting all unsettled, uncultivated tracts of land to a tax—there has been a tax laid.

All proprietors aforesaid, are hereby requested and required to come forward by themselves or agents, enter their land in the proper office, and pay the tax, by the first day of November next, or the penalty of the law will fall upon them.

WILLIAM RUFUS PUTNAM,
for and in behalf of the Collectors of Taxes for the County of Washington.

Marrietta, June 3 (21) ¶ d&w

JOHN MILLER, JUN.
No. 80, Duck, near Third Street.
*Has for Sale*
Ceffaes,
Baffas,
Mamoodies,
Taffatics,
Colicoes,
Pena
Romal and } Handkerchiefs.
Mulmul

*The foregoing goods are now to be fold at*
REDUCED PRICES,
N.B. Many of thefe Goods may be printed to advantage in this country
moy 16 3awtf

*For Sale,*
By WILIAM MOTT,
*No. 145, Market-ſtreet,*
Very low for CASH, or a ſhort CREDIT,
A large aſſortment of printed cotton hand'fs.
Do. bandannas, Romalls and ſhawls,
2 Trunks printed cottons,
Beſt Engliſh luteftrings, modes,
7 4 ſuperfine cloths,
Several packages aſſorted hand'fs unopened,
18 caſks pewter aſſorted,
1 caſk bar tin,
1 trunk ferrets 4d & 6d,
1 trunk furniture fringes,
Black and white laces and edgings.
may 17. 2awtJ.

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
20 pipes of Old Madeira Wine,
2 Cannon—9 pounders
25 coils rigging, from 11-4 to 5 inch,
35 hhds. of beſt James River Tobacco.
*Willing & Francis,*
*Penn-Street.*
May 23. tu th & ſat tf

DONATION LANDS.

*Notice is hereby given,*
THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennſylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the ſaid State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of ſaid State until the 1ſt September next inclufive, and that the ſubſcribers authorifed by law will ſit as a Board at the ſaid Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unſatified Claims already filed, as well as thoſe which may be filed on or before the ſaid firſt day of September next.
JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r.
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.
Department of Accounts of }
Pennſylvania, May 15, '99. }
(16) diw (m.w.ſa tf)

FOR SALE
By SIMON WALKER,
*Pine, near Fifth-ſtreet,*
WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 61-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed
Nitro—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;
Carronades on ſliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;
Boarding Pikes and Cutlaſſes;
Engliſh Cannon Powder;
Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts;
6, 9, 12, 18 and 24lb. round ſhot;
6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.
9, 18 and 24lb. Canniſter Shot.
Alſo—a quantity of beſt Engliſh, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,
Taunton Ale in caſks of 7 dozen each.
march 8. 2aw tf

Copper Warehouſe,
*Late ALEXANDER BISLAND, & Co.*
No. 201, MARKET-STREET,
ROBERT KID,
HAVING purchaſed the Stock of the above firm, Solicits the patronage of the public and their friends; where they may depend on being ſerved on the very beſt terms with the following goods:
—viz.—
A general aſſortment of Copper Bottoms and Sheets, for Copper Smiths and other purpoſes,
Pig and Bar Lead,
Block Tin and Crowley Steel,
Tin in Boxes, and Braſs Kettles in Neſts,
With a large and general aſſortment of Ironmongery.
feb. 16. d1w w&ſtf

Notice is hereby Given,
THAT application will be made for the iſſue of certificates for twenty two ſhares of the Stock of the Bank of the United States, in lieu of the undermentioned certificates for a like number of ſhares of the ſtock of the ſaid Inſtitution, in favour of James Eckley Colley, of Liverpool, loſt by the capture of the Diana, Richard Kirkbride, maſter, on a voyage from Philadelphia to Liverpool, Great-Britain, viz.
Two certificates, No. 27,008 and 27001 for five ſhares each. Three certificates. No. 27002 and 27004, for four ſhares each.
G. SIMPSON, *Caſhier.*
Bank of the United States, }
May 23, 1799. } taw3m

Samuel Miles, jun'r.
Of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, having aſſigned over all his effects, real, perſonal and mixed, to the ſubſcribers, for the benefit of ſuch of his creditors as may ſubſcribe to the ſaid aſſignment on or before the firſt of Auguſt next.
Notice is hereby given,
To all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, that they are requeſted to make immediate payment to either of the aſſignees or to the ſaid Samuel Miles, who is authorized to receive the ſame; in failure whereof legal ſteps will be taken for the recovery of ſuch debts, as are not diſcharged accordingly.
GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS, } Aſſignees
JOHN ALLEN,
feb. 14. 3awtf

ON petition of George Hill to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the county of Philadelphia, for the benefit of the act of the General Aſſembly of Pennſylvania paſſed the 4th day of April 1798, entitled an act providing that the perſon of a debtor ſhall not be liable to impriſonment for debt after delivering up his eſtate for the benefit of his creditors, unleſs he hath been guilty of fraud or embezzlement—ſaid Court have appointed the 24th inſt at ten o'clock in the forenoon to hear him and his creditors, at the ſtate houſe or wherefoever the ſaid Court ſhall then be holden.
june 6. th.fr.to 4th 18t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
*March 11th, 1799.*
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 11ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*
I.
THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.
II.
The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.
III.
The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode dreſcribed by the act firſt recited.
IV.
The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 13th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.
V.
The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations thereſon any tract or tracts of land not before located.
VI.
All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.
Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.
*OLIVER WOLCOTT.*
*Sec. of the Treaſury.*

IS OFFERED FOR SALE,
*(if ſpeedily applied for)*
A VALUABLE parcel of Land in Ann Arundel county, not far from the city of Annapolis and about 30 miles from the city of Waſhington. On one of theſe tracts is a moſt elegant two ſtory brick Dwelling Houſe, 4 rooms on a floor, beautifully ſituated in an excellent and healthy neighborhood—This body of Land will be ſold in lots or in a large body. There are ſeveral tenements on ſaid Tract which rent for ſomethiug conſiderable per ann. A further deſcription is deemed unneceſſary. Apply to the printer.
june 1 1aw6w.

*Loſt, laſt evening,*
A GREY-HOUND,
*of the Engliſh breed;*
HAS a braſs collar round her neck with the name of Thomas Sterling on it; body quite white, except a ſmall ſpot on her left ſide; each cheek of a dove colour; anſwers to the name of Dove. Whoever has taken her up, and will deliver her at the Indian Queen, ſhall be rewarded.
may 10 §

*FOR SALE,*
*At the two mile ſtone, on the Weſſahickon, or Ridge Road,*
A Place containing about eighty acres, in parts or the whole together, as may ſuit the purchaſer. There is on the premiſes a houſe 47 1-2 feet front, by 43 1-2 deep, a ſcullery, milk houſe, pump, ice houſe, and farm houſe, a large barn, 60 feet by 32, with ſtalls for 25 horſes and cows, a carriage houſe, and a pump of good water in the barn yard, and a ſecond milk houſe ſupplied by a ſpring. The grounds are well manured, and laid out in good ſtile, with an abundance of ornamental, and fruit trees, the ſituation healthy and high, commanding a view of the city and Delaware. There is alſo a ſmall diſtance from the manſion houſe a farm houſe in good repair, with kitchen, ſtable, &c. and a pump of good water: For terms apply to
SAMUEL MEREDITH.
No. 171, Cheſnut Street.
March 12.

*Twenty Dollars Reward.*
DESERTED,
FROM the Marine Barracks, corner of Filbert and Thirteenth-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, the 28th day of this inſtant Two Marines, by trade Tailors, one John Crawford (the ſecond time of his deſertion) five feet ſeven inches high, fair complexion, hair cut cloſe, dark eyes, ſlim built.—The other, Hilary Biſhop five feet ſix inches high, ruddy complexion, ſandy hair, a remarkable ringworm on the left of his lip.—(Went off in uniform.)
N. B. They took with them one brown cloth Coat, one blue cloth Coat, and many other articles not known at preſent.
*W. W. BURROWS,*
Major Commandant of Marine Corps
*may* 29

*THE SUBSCRIBER,*
TAKES this method of acquainting the public that for ſome time paſt he has been engaged in collecting debts on commiſſion. He would have no objection of going to any part of the State, to examine Land or Land Offices, record deeds, &c. He flatters himſelf that he ſhall by promptneſs and addreſs be able to ſatisfy thoſe that may employ him.
*JOSEPH H. FLEMING,*
No. 63, Queen-ſtreet, Southwark.
june 3 m3t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
*May 29th, 1799.*
THE proprietors of certificates iſſued for ſubſcriptions to the Loan bearing intereſt at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment ſhall have been made of the 5th inſtalment, which will become due during the firſt ten days of the month of July enſuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treaſury or Loan Offices, reſpectively, for the amount of the four firſt inſtalments, or one moiety of the ſums expreſſed in the ſubſcription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be iſſued for leſs than one hundred dollars.
Such ſubſcription certificates as may be preſented at the Treaſury or Loan Offices in conſequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be endorſed and diſtinctly marked ſo as to denote, that a moety of the ſtock has been iſſued.
*OLIVER WOLCOTT,*
*Secretary of the Treaſury.*

*NOTICE.*
THE Public are requeſted not to receive any drafts, notes, obligations or bills of any kind drawn in favor of or indorſed by
*Abijah Hunt.*
*J. & A. Hunt.*
*Jeſſe & Abijah Hunt.*
*Jeremiah & Abijah Hunt.*
*Abijah & Jno. W. Hunt.*
*Snodgraſs, & Co.*
Thoſe on whom they are drawn are alſo deſired to ſuſpend acceptance, until reference be had to the ſubſcriber.
About twenty thouſand Dollars of bills of the above deſcription having been taken from the carrier near the mouth of Tenneſſee river by a party of Indians. SAMUEL MEEKER.
april 26. tu th&ſ tf

*The Subſcriber offers for Sale,*
THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY.
AN Excellent three ſtory Brick Houſe, ſituate the corner of 7th and Race-ſtreets;—the houſe is about 25 feet front and well finiſhed in every reſpect; the Lot is 76 feet front on Race-ſtreet and 88 feet deep, the ſituation remarkably airy, having a public ſquare open in Front of it.
Two three ſtory Brick Houſes, Brick Stores, and good Wharf, ſituate in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, the lot on which theſe buildings are, is fifty four feet front on Water-ſtreet, and continues that width about 95 feet, then widens to the ſouth 13 feet 6 inches, ſo that the front on the water is ſixty ſeven feet ſix inches, this lot adjoins John Steinmetz eſq. on the ſouth, and has the advantage of a public alley on the north, and is a very deſirable ſituation for the buſineſs of a Flour Factor, or Merchant
A large elegant two ſtory Stone Houſe, ſituate on the Point no Point road, being the firſt houſe to the Northward of the five mile ſtone; this houſe is about 60 feet front and 40 feet deep finiſhed in a neat manner; there is a good garden and choice collection of the beſt fruit trees, Ice-Houſe and other conveniences with about nine acres of ground—or if more agreeable to the purchaſer, thirty two acres of upland and meadow may be added to it.
A plantation in Bibirry Townſhip, Philadelphia county near the Red Lyon, about 13 miles from this city; bounded by the Northampton Road and Poqueſſing Creek, this farm contains about 140 acres of land, a proportion of which is woodland and meadow, a brick dwelling-houſe, frame barn, and other out-houſes, and there is ſaid to be a good ſtone quarry on part of it, although it has not yet been opened, a further deſcription is deemed unneceſſary as no perſon will purchaſe without viewing the premiſes,
A ſmall plantation in Horſham Townſhip, Montgomery county, nineteen miles from Philadelphia, adjoining to Grame Park, on which is an excellent new Stone Houſe and Kitchen, with a large Stone Shed for the accommodation of traveller's horſes; the houſe is now occupied as a tavern, and is ſuitable for any kind of public buſineſs, the land is good in quality, a good neighborhood, and a remarkably healthy ſituation: there is fifty acres of land and meadow in this farm——Alſo for ſale, ſeveral tracts of land in different counties of this ſtate.
☞ The Houſe in Race-ſtreet firſt mentioned and one of the Houſes in Water-ſtreet, are now
*TO BE LET,*
And immediate poſſeſſion given. For terms apply at the South-eaſt corner of Arch and Sixth-ſtreets, to
JOSEPH BALL.
feb 7 th&ſ tf

*NOTICE,*
THE Creditors of Timothy Caſhman are deſired to take notice that he hath applied to the Hon. Court of Common Pleas, for obtaining the benefit of the Law paſſed the 4th day of April, '98, for the "Benefit of inſolvent debtors," and the Court has been pleaſed to appoint the 24th day of this preſent month for hearing the ſubſcriber and his creditors, at the State Houſe in this city, where they may attend if they think proper
*TIMOTHY CASHMAN.*
Philadelphia, june 8th, '99 3t

*Notice to Creditors.*
THE Creditors of the Subſcriber, will pleaſe to take notice, that he hath applied to the honorable Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Philadelphia, for the benefit of the act of Aſſembly, paſſed for the relief of inſolvents, on the 14th day of April, 1798, and they have appointed the 24th of June, inſtant, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for the hearing of him and his creditors, at the State Houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, when and where they may attend if they think proper
NICHOLAS FAGON.
Philadelphia June 8, '99. 3t

*Removal.*
THOMAS CLAYTON, *Hatter,*
HAS removed to No. 126, ſouth Front ſtreet, where he intends carrying on his buſineſs as formerly, and has on hand a complete aſſortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and childrens'
*HATS.*
*Canada Beaver & Muſk-rat Skins,*
With a complete aſſortment of FURS, always for ſale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete aſſortment of
*Faſhionable Engliſh Hats,*
Which he now offers for ſale at very reduced prices.
je... 29 1aw6m

ALL PERSONS,
INDEBTED to the Eſtate of ABRAHAM DICKS, Eſq. late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and all thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid Eſtate to authenticate and preſent them for ſettlement. Alſo, all thoſe who have depoſited writings with ſaid deceaſed to apply for them to
WILLIAM PENNOCK, Adm'r.
Springfield, Delaware county, }
1ſt mo. 8th, 1799. }
jan. 8 1awtf

*Loſt or Miſlaid,*
A CERTIFICATE of one ſhare of the Bank of the United States, No. 4933. in the name of Julia Wadſworth Knox, and for which, application is made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of ſaid certificate; and all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice. CLEMENT BIDDLE.
may 23 d3m

*Notice.*
A CERTIFICATE of one ſhare of Bank of United States, ſtock ſtanding in the name of DUCAS DE VALLON, having been loſt or miſlaid, application is made at the ſaid Bank for renewal of the ſame; all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.
*Abraham Van Beuren.*
march 20. d3m

*Loſt or Miſlaid,*
A CERTIFICATE of one ſhare of the Bank of the United States bearing date 1ſt January 1793, in the name of Joſeph Thornburgh, No. 5138, for the renewal of which application hath been made at ſaid Bank, and all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice thereof.
ROBERT DENISON, Junr.
Philadelphia, june 11. d3m

Valuable Lands for Sale.
ON Tueſday the 20th of Auguſt next, I ſhall expoſe to public ſale, at the town of New-Market, in Dorcheſter county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, ſituated on the ſouth ſide and binding on the Choptank river ſeveral miles, ſuppoſed to contain about ſix thouſand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each: The terms of ſale as follow, viz. Purchaſers to give bond immediately after the ſale with approved ſecurity, conditioned for the payment of the purchaſe money, with intereſt from the day of ſale, in four equal annual inſtalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, "AN act appointing commiſſioners to contract for and purchaſe the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands in Dorcheſter county, and for appropriating the ſame to the uſe of this ſtate, and to repeal the act of aſſembly therein mentioned;" paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1798.
WM. MARBURY, Agent
for the ſtate of Maryland.
april 19. d3m

*NOTICE.*
THE partnerſhip of Joſhua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day diſſolved by mutual conſent, all perſons indebted to them, are requeſted to make immediate payment to Joſhua B. Bond, and thoſe having demands to preſent their accounts to him for ſettlement,
*Joſhua B. Bond.*
*John Brooks.*
april 1 §

*The creditors of the ſubſcriber,*
ARE requeſted to take notice that he has applied to the court of common pleas, for the county of Berks, to extend to him the benefit of an act of the legiſlature of this ſtate, paſſed the 4th of April, 1798, for the benefit of inſolvent debtors, and the ſaid court have appointed the 1ſt Monday in Auguſt next, to hear him and his creditors at the court houſe in the borough of Reading, in the county of Berks. JOHN MORROW.
Reading, May 18 (21) d6w

*NOTICE.*
WHEREAS the Legiſlature of the State of Pennſylvania, on the 28th day of March, 1799, did enact, that "John Rogers, Alexander M'Whorter, Samuel Stanhope Smith, Aſhbel Green, William M. Tennant, Patrick Alliſon, Nathaniel Irwin, Joſeph Clark, Andrew Hunter, Jared Ingerſoll, Robert Ralſton, Jonathan B. Smith Andrew Bayard, Elias Boudinot, John Nelſon, Ebenezer Hazard, David Jackſon, and Robert Smith, merchant, and their ſucceſſors duly elected and appointed," ſhould be "a coporation and body politic, in law and in fact, to have continuance forever, by the name, ſtyle, and title of Truſtees of the General Aſſembly of the Preſbyterian Church in the United States of America; and by the name, ſtyle and title aforeſaid, be perſons able and capable in law, as well to take, receive and hold, all, and all manner of lands and tenements, rents, annuities, franchiſes, and other hereditaments, which at any time or times heretofore have been granted, bargained, ſold, enfeoffed, releaſed, peviſed, or otherwiſe conveyed, to the miniſters, and elders of the General Aſſembly of the Preſbyterian Church of the United States, or any other perſon or perſons, to their *uſe* or in truſt for them," &c.—And whereas the General Aſſembly of the Preſbyterian Church, at their ſeſſion in May laſt, did determine that the members of the corporation conſtituted as above, ſhould "convene for the firſt time in the Second Preſbyterian Church in the City of Philadelphia, on Wedneſday the 26th day of June 1799, at 11 o'clock, A. M. and that at leaſt two weeks previous notice thereof ſhould be given in one daily newſpaper in each of the cities of Philadelphia and New-York," and did appoint "the ſtated clerk of the Aſſembly to give notice accordingly:"—In order therefore, to carry into effect the deſign of the aforeſaid act of incorporation, and agreeably to the direction of the General Aſſembly of the Preſbyterian Church, *NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN* to the Members of the Corporation, whoſe names are above recited, that they are expected to meet at the place and time already ſpecified; that is, in the Second Preſbyterian Church in the city of Philadelphia, on Wedneſday, the 26th day of June, 1799, at 11 o'clock A. M.
*ASHBEL GREEN.*
Stated Clerk of the General Aſſembly of the Preſbyterian Church.
Philadelphia, june 6th. 1799. 3awt26

TO BE LET,
A COMMODIOUS THREE STORY
*BRICK HOUSE,*
SITUATE in Walnut near Fifth ſtreet, is well calculated for a genteel boarding houſe. Enquire at no. 108, Walnut-ſtreet.
june 7 3aw3w

Patent Ploughs,
TO be ſold for caſh by Joſeph Salter at Aſſon Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jeſſe Evans, Lumberton. Thoſe who have uſed them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require leſs team, break the ground better are kept in order at leſs expence and are ſold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much ſimplified and conſiſts of but one piece of caſt iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with ſcrews and taken off at pleaſure
Patent rights for vending with inſtructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the ſubſcriber No. 212 North Front-ſtreet.
*Who has for Sale;*
*Or to Leaſe for a term of Years,*
A number of valuable tracts of Land, well ſituated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, moſtly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon ſtate of Pennſylvania. Thoſe who may incline to view them will pleaſe to apply to John Canan eſq. near Huntingdon.
*Charles Newbold.*
july 17 1awtf

LOST,
*Either in the City, or on the road to Germantown,*
SOME papers of no value but to the owner—They were enclofed in a newſpaper—If delivered at this office, the perſon leaving them ſhall be rewarded.
June 14 taw3t

*To Diſtillers & Owners of Stills.*
WHEREAS by an act of Congreſs, paſſed the 8th day of May, 1792, intitled, "An act concerning the Duties on Spirits diſtilled within the United States," it is required of all perſons having or keeping a Still or Stills, to make entry thereof, between the *laſt* day of *May* and the *firſt* day of *July* in each year, under the penalty of *two hundred and fifty dollars*:
NOTICE is therefore hereby given to all diſtillers or owners of Stills, within the city and county of *Philadelphia*, to make entry of them at the Office of Inſpection, at No. 49, north Third ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, within the above mentioned periods.
*James Aſh, Collector,*
Of the Revenue of the firſt of Diviſion of the Firſt Survey of the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania.
Philadelphia, June 1, 1799. 2awtJy1

*To Diſtillers & Owners of Stills.*
WHEREAS by an act of Congreſs, paſſed the 8th day of May 1792, intitled "An act concerning the duties on ſpirits diſtilled witkin the United States," it is required of all perſons having or keeping a ſtill or ſtills to make entry thereof, between the *laſt* day of *May* and the *firſt* day of *July*, in each year, under the penalty of *two hundred and fifty dollars*.
NOTICE is therefore hereby given to all diſtillers or owners of ſtills, withiu the county of Montgomery, to make entry of them at the Office of Inſpection, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in Norriton townſhip in the county aforeſaid.
*Daniel St. Clair, Collector*
3d Diſt. 1ſt Sur. Pennſylvania.
June 1 2awtJy1

*Valuable Property for Sale,*
IN Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſit CONGRESS HALL,
A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, ſubject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.
The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to
JAMES GIRVAN,
no. 198. Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.
march 5 tu.th ſa tf

*CITY BRIDGE.*
THE Preſident and Directors of the Company incorporated for the purpoſe of erecting a Permanent Bridge over the River Schuylkill, at or near the City of Philadelphia, having contracted with the Select and Common Councils of the ſaid City for a ſite for ſuch Bridge at the weſt end of High ſtreet, hereby give NOTICE—That a premium of Two Hundred Dollars will be paid by the ſaid Directors for the moſt approved plan of a Bridge for the ſaid ſite, the calculation of which ſhall be conſiſtent with the following general limitations.
The material to be of wood, iron or ſtone, or of thoſe articles combined.
The conſtruction to be ſuitable to the character of the river which is as follows—ſubject to exceſſive freſhes, occaſionally ſtopping above or below the ſaid High-ſtreet, in the firſt inſtance breaking looſe and bringing down large maſſes of ice, timber, &c. in the latter inſtance cauſing a back water ſwell which has equalled to 19 feet above low water level, and at that height covering a tract of ground near 5 miles in length, by a very conſiderable width—Therefore,
As few piers as can be conſiſtent with ſafety, or without a pier if equally ſafe and permanent.
The opening between the abutments to be not more than 400 feet, nor leſs than 300 feet.
The plans to be accompanied with elevations—explanatory deſcriptions and eſtimates—the eſtimates to ſpecify the quantity of materials of each kind, the ſeparate and collective coſt thereof when wrought and laid or fixed, the quantity of filling in or dry arches with the backing ſuperſtructure and cauſeways complete.
Offerings conſiſtent with the foregoing will be received at any time previous to the firſt day of Auguſt next.—
A ſection of the river Schuylkill with the adjacent grounds on each ſide at the weſt end of High-ſtreet will be ſhewn to thoſe perſons who may be deſirous of exhibiting plans and eſtimates.
JOHN DORSEY; ſec'ry, pro tem.
Philadelphia, May 15, 1799.
The printers of news-papers throughout the United States are requeſted to inſert the above a few times, tuths 1ſtA

*City Bridge Subſcription.*
THE Preſident and Directors of the Company for erecting a permanent Bridge over the river Schuylkill, at or near the city of Philadelphia, having, at the time of their firſt publication, received ſubſcriptions to near half the amount of the capital or joint ſtock thereof; ſuſpended further ſolicitations until a ſite on which to erect ſaid bridge ſhould be procured.—That object being now effected, by a purchaſe of the neceſſary property at the weſt end of High ſtreet, on both ſides of the river Schuylkill.
*Public Notice is Given,*
*That the book for Subſcriptions* to the capital or joint ſtock of the ſaid company will be opened at their office No. 23, north Fifth Street, on Monday the 10th of June next, and continue open from ten to one o'clock every day (Sunday's excepted) until the whole ſhall be ſubſcribed for, on the terms ſpecified in the act of incorporation.—
The time is extended in order to afford opportunity to the friends of this important undertaking, on the weſt ſide of Schuylkill, or at a diſtance, to participate in an object of great public good—Subſcriptions and depoſits may nevertheleſs be previouſly made at the Treaſurer's office, No. 13 Church alley, ſubject to a proportionate reduction on the amount of ſubſcriptions over and above the limited number of ſhares, if any there ſhall be, at the end of the 13th day of June enſuing.
In the 10th ſection of the law of incorporation it is enacted, that the nett profits on tolls may equal, but ſhall not exceed 15 per cent annually; and that the exceſs ſhall compoſe a fund for the redemption of the ſaid bridge.
A portfolio is opened at the ſaid office, to receive all communications, prints or drawings, on the ſubjects of bridges, ancient or modern, building in water, cements, mortar centres, caſſoons coffer-dams, or any information which may tend to mature the knowledge of the directors previous to the intended erection: They are ſolicited, care will be taken of them, and returned if deſired.
JOHN DORSEY. Secry pro tem.
Philadelphia, May 27th 1799 mw1 tJ

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*